

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A computer implemented method comprising:
identifying a plurality of orthogonal sets of user devices in a cell of a wireless network, wherein each orthogonal set in said plurality of orthogonal sets includes multiple user devices that can be transmitted to concurrently by an access point using different antenna beams in a spatial division multiple access (SDMA) mode of operation;
selecting an orthogonal set from the plurality of orthogonal sets for use in transmitting data to the corresponding user devices based on a predetermined selection criterion; and
initiating, after selecting, an SDMA exchange for the selected orthogonal set;
~~wherein selecting an orthogonal set includes selecting a set based on an amount of data that is buffered for delivery to user devices within each of said identified orthogonal sets~~
wherein initiating an SDMA exchange includes:
simultaneously transmitting data to user devices in said selected orthogonal set using corresponding antenna beams; and
transmitting an acknowledgement (ACK) request to each user device in said selected orthogonal set after said data has been transmitted, wherein transmitting an ACK request includes transmitting a single multi-user ACK request using an antenna beam that encompasses all of said user devices in said selected orthogonal set, said single multi-user ACK request including time information indicative of a time at which each user device in said selected orthogonal set is to respond to said single multi-user ACK request, wherein said time information is determined based upon a predicted resolvability of signals received from said user devices within said selected orthogonal set.
2. (Canceled)
3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein:
selecting an orthogonal set includes:

determining a maximum duration for the SDMA exchange;
evaluating orthogonal sets in said plurality of orthogonal sets to determine an amount of data that is buffered for said orthogonal sets; and
selecting an orthogonal set that has a largest amount of buffered data that can be delivered within said maximum duration of said SDMA exchange.

4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein:
selecting an orthogonal set includes using quality of service (QOS) information as part of said predetermined selection criterion.
5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein:
selecting an orthogonal set includes using latency related information as part of said predetermined selection criterion.
6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein:
initiating an SDMA exchange includes simultaneously transmitting data to user devices in said selected orthogonal set, using corresponding antenna beams, so that a terminal end of the data transmitted to each user device occurs at substantially the same time.
7. (Original) The method of claim 6, further comprising:
receiving acknowledgement (ACK) signals from said user devices in said selected orthogonal set after said data has been transmitted, wherein said ACK signals are received from said user devices at approximately the same time.
- 8-15. (Canceled)
16. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein:
initiating an SDMA exchange includes transmitting data to user devices in said selected orthogonal set using corresponding antenna beams, wherein said data transmitted to each of said

user devices includes time information indicating a time at which the corresponding user device is to acknowledge the data.

17. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein:

initiating an SDMA exchange includes transmitting a training request packet to a first user device within the selected orthogonal set.

18. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein:

said training request packet is transmitted using an antenna beam that encompasses substantially an entire coverage region of the access point.

19. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein:

initiating an SDMA exchange includes transmitting a multi-user training request packet to all of the user devices within said selected orthogonal set, wherein said multi-user training request packet is transmitted using an antenna beam that encompasses substantially an entire coverage region of the access point.

20. (Currently Amended) An access point (AP) for use in a wireless network implementing spatial division multiple access (SDMA), comprising:

a multi-user wireless transceiver to support wireless communication with multiple users within a coverage area of the AP using spatial division multiple access (SDMA); and

a controller, coupled to said multi-user wireless transceiver, to identify a number of orthogonal sets of user devices within the coverage area, to select one of the identified orthogonal sets for use in transmitting data to the corresponding user devices based on a predetermined selection criterion, and to initiate, after an orthogonal set has been selected, an SDMA exchange for the selected orthogonal set, wherein an orthogonal set is a set that includes multiple user devices that can be transmitted to concurrently by the access point using SDMA;

~~said controller selects one of the identified orthogonal sets based on an amount of data that is buffered for delivery to user devices in each of the identified orthogonal sets.~~

wherein said controller initiates said SDMA exchange by causing said multi-user wireless transceiver to transmit data to each of the user devices in said selected orthogonal set using a separate antenna beam for each user device;

wherein said controller causes said multi-user wireless transceiver to transmit an acknowledgement request to each of the user devices in said selected orthogonal set, using a separate antenna beam for each user device, after said data has been transmitted, wherein said controller causes said multi-user wireless transceiver to transmit acknowledgement requests to user devices in said selected orthogonal set at different times, wherein said different times are based upon a predicted resolvability of the resulting acknowledgement signals.

21. (Original) The AP of claim 20, further comprising:

an antenna controller, coupled to the multi-user wireless transceiver, to manage the generation of antenna beams for the AP.

22. (Canceled)

23. (Original) The AP of claim 20, wherein:

said controller selects one of the identified orthogonal sets based, at least in part, on a maximum duration of a subsequent SDMA exchange.

24. (Canceled)

25. (Currently Amended) The AP of claim 20[[4]], wherein:

said controller causes said data to be transmitted by said multi-user wireless transceiver so that a terminal end of the data transmitted to each of the user devices in said selected orthogonal set occurs at substantially the same time.

26-31. (Canceled)

32. (Currently Amended) A computer readable storage medium having instructions stored thereon that, when executed by a computing platform, result in:

identifying a plurality of orthogonal sets of user devices in a cell of a wireless network, wherein each orthogonal set in said plurality of orthogonal sets includes multiple user devices that can be transmitted to concurrently by an access point using spatial division multiple access (SDMA);

selecting an orthogonal set from the plurality of orthogonal sets for use in transmitting data to the corresponding user devices based on a predetermined selection criterion; and

initiating, after selecting, an SDMA exchange for the selected orthogonal set;

~~wherein selecting an orthogonal set includes selecting a set based on an amount of data that is buffered for delivery to user devices within each of said identified orthogonal sets.~~

wherein initiating an SDMA exchange includes:

simultaneously transmitting data to user devices in said selected orthogonal set using corresponding antenna beams; and

transmitting an acknowledgement (ACK) request to each user device in said selected orthogonal set after said data has been transmitted, wherein transmitting an ACK request includes transmitting a separate ACK request to each user device in said selected orthogonal set using a corresponding antenna beam, said separate ACK requests being transmitted to corresponding user devices at different times, wherein said different times are selected based upon a predicted resolvability of signals received from said user devices within said selected orthogonal set.

33. (Canceled)

34. (Previously Presented) The storage medium of claim 32, wherein:

initiating an SDMA exchange includes simultaneously transmitting data to user devices in said selected orthogonal set, using corresponding antenna beams, so that a terminal end of the data transmitted to each user device occurs at substantially the same time.

35. (Previously Presented) The storage medium of claim 32, wherein initiating an SDMA exchange includes:

simultaneously transmitting data to user devices in said selected orthogonal set using corresponding antenna beams; and

transmitting an acknowledgement (ACK) request to each user device in said selected orthogonal set after said data has been transmitted.

36. (Canceled)

38. (Previously Presented) The storage medium of claim 32, wherein:

initiating an SDMA exchange includes transmitting data to user devices in said selected orthogonal set using corresponding antenna beams, wherein said data transmitted to each of said user devices includes time information indicating a time at which the corresponding user device is to acknowledge the data.

39. (Currently Amended) A system comprising:

a plurality of antenna elements that includes at least one dipole antenna element;

a multi-user wireless transceiver, in communication with said plurality of antenna elements, to support wireless communication with multiple users within a network coverage area using spatial division multiple access (SDMA); and

a controller, coupled to said multi-user wireless transceiver, to identify a number of orthogonal sets of user devices within the network coverage area, to select one of the identified orthogonal sets for use in transmitting data to the corresponding user devices based on a predetermined selection criterion, and to initiate, after an orthogonal set has been selected, an SDMA exchange for the selected orthogonal set, wherein an orthogonal set is a set that includes multiple user devices that can be transmitted to concurrently using SDMA;

~~said controller selects one of the identified orthogonal sets based on an amount of data that is buffered for delivery to user devices in each of the identified orthogonal sets~~

wherein said controller initiates said SDMA exchange by causing said multi-user wireless transceiver to transmit data to each of the user devices in said selected orthogonal set using a separate antenna beam for each user device;

wherein said controller causes said multi-user wireless transceiver to transmit an acknowledgement request to each of the user devices in said selected orthogonal set, using a separate antenna beam for each user device, after said data has been transmitted, wherein said controller causes said multi-user wireless transceiver to transmit acknowledgement requests to user devices in said selected orthogonal set at different times, wherein said different times are based upon a predicted resolvability of the resulting acknowledgement signals.

40. (Original) The system of claim 39, further comprising:

an antenna controller, coupled to the multi-user wireless transceiver, to manage the generation of antenna beams using the plurality of antenna elements.

41. (Original) The system of claim 39, wherein:

said controller initiates said SDMA exchange by causing said multi-user wireless transceiver to transmit data to each of the user devices in said selected orthogonal set using a separate antenna beam for each user device.

42. (Original) The system of claim 41, wherein:

said controller causes said data to be transmitted by said multi-user wireless transceiver so that a terminal end of the data transmitted to each of the user devices in said selected orthogonal set occurs at substantially the same time.

43.-46. (Canceled)

47. (Previously Presented) A computer implemented method comprising:

identifying a plurality of sets of user devices in a wireless network, wherein each set in said plurality of sets includes multiple user devices that can be transmitted to concurrently using different antenna beams in a spatial division multiple access (SDMA) mode of operation; and

initiating an SDMA exchange for a selected set in said plurality of sets, wherein initiating an SDMA exchange includes:

simultaneously transmitting data to user devices in said selected set using corresponding antenna beams; and

transmitting an acknowledgement (ACK) request to each user device in said selected set after said data has been transmitted, wherein transmitting an ACK request includes transmitting a separate ACK request to each user device in said selected set using a corresponding antenna beam, said separate ACK requests being transmitted to corresponding user devices at different times, wherein said different times are selected based upon a predicted resolvability of signals received from said user devices within said selected set.

48. (Previously Presented) A computer implemented method comprising:

identifying a plurality of orthogonal sets of user devices in a cell of a wireless network, wherein each orthogonal set in said plurality of orthogonal sets includes multiple user devices that can be transmitted to concurrently by an access point using different antenna beams in a spatial division multiple access (SDMA) mode of operation; and

initiating an SDMA exchange for a selected orthogonal set, wherein initiating an SDMA exchange includes:

simultaneously transmitting data to user devices in said selected orthogonal set using corresponding antenna beams; and

transmitting an acknowledgement (ACK) request to each user device in said selected orthogonal set after said data has been transmitted, wherein transmitting an ACK request includes transmitting a single multi-user ACK request using an antenna beam that encompasses all of said user devices in said selected set, said single multi-user ACK request including time information indicative of a time at which each user device in said selected set is to respond to said single multi-user ACK request, wherein said time information is determined based upon a predicted resolvability of signals received from said user devices within said selected orthogonal set.